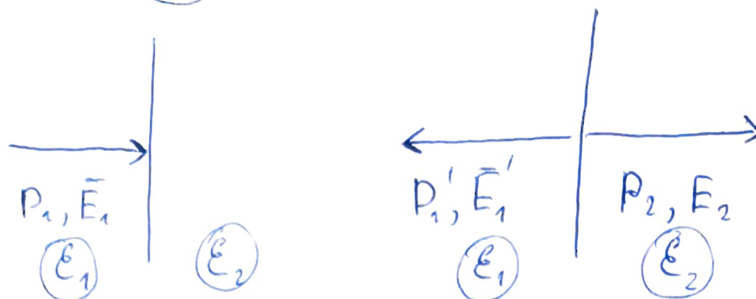


(2.8)

Дано:

$$R = \frac{P_1'}{P_1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Найти: ϵ_1, ϵ_2 ?

Решение:

$$P = S \Sigma$$

$$S = c \epsilon \epsilon_0 E^2$$

$$\frac{P_1'}{P_1} = \frac{S_1'}{S_1} = \frac{E_1'^2}{E_1^2} \Rightarrow \frac{E_1'}{E_1} = \sqrt{R}$$

Р-ии случая нормального падения:

$$\begin{cases} E_1 + E_1' = E_2 \\ H_1 - H_1' = H_2 \end{cases} \begin{cases} E = Z_{\text{экв}} H \\ \Leftrightarrow \end{cases} \begin{cases} E_1 + E_1' = E_2 \\ \frac{E_1}{Z_1} + \frac{E_1'}{Z_1} = \frac{E_2}{Z_2} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{E_1 + E_1'}{Z_2} = \frac{E_2}{Z_2} \\ \frac{E_1 - E_1'}{Z_1} = \frac{E_2}{Z_2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{E_1 + E_1'}{Z_2} - \frac{E_1 - E_1'}{Z_1} = 0 \Rightarrow (Z_1 - Z_2)E_1 = -(Z_1 + Z_2)E_1' \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{E_1'}{E_1} = \frac{Z_2 - Z_1}{Z_2 + Z_1} = \sqrt{R} \Rightarrow Z_1(1 + \sqrt{R}) = Z_2(1 - \sqrt{R})$$

$$Z_1^2 = Z_2^2 \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{R}}{1 + \sqrt{R}} \right), \quad Z = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0 \mu}{\epsilon_0 \epsilon}} \Rightarrow \frac{\mu_1}{\epsilon_1} = \frac{\mu_2}{\epsilon_2} \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{R}}{1 + \sqrt{R}} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{\epsilon_1}{\epsilon_2} = \frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2} \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{R}}{1 - \sqrt{R}} \right)^2 = \frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2} \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}{1 - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}} \right)^2 \approx 33,971 \frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2}, \text{ причем } \mu_1 \text{ и } \mu_2 \text{ можно брать за 1}$$

Ответ: ~~ϵ_1~~ $\frac{\epsilon_1}{\epsilon_2} = 33,971$